Ymchwiliad ar ddefnydd o feddyginiaeth wrthseicotig mewn cartrefi gofal Inquiry on the use of anti-psychotic medication in care homes Ymateb gan Fforwm Gofal Cymru Response from Care Forum Wales

Consultation response -

Use of Anti-psychotic Medicines in Care Homes

- 1. Care Forum Wales welcomes the opportunity to respond to this call for information. We are a membership organisation for Health and Social Care Providers in Wales representing over 450 independent providers (both private and third sector), the majority of whom own care homes.
- 2. We promote excellence in practice in health and social care and have a number of expert leads in key areas, including dementia care. Steve Ford, our dementia lead, recently appeared on BBC's television programme, Eye on Wales, endorsing calls for the use of anti-psychotic medicines to be carefully monitored and reduced wherever possible, to enhance the quality of life of people living with dementia and to avoid unnecessary and harmful side effects, such as increased likelihood of falls.
- 3. Some of the first generation medicines have potentially serious side effects and have been largely discredited for use for people living with dementia. Some studies have shown increased mortality rates, incidence of stroke and cardio-toxicity. We believe that anti-psychotic medication should only be given as a last resort and, if it is appropriate, there should be a robust system of review every 3 months.
- 4. We are in the process of writing to our members to remind them of our campaign to be "A Champions" (Assessment of Challenging and Management Problems Initiating Options for New Solutions) and to re-issue guidance that we first issued in 2011.
- 5. We recognise that the responsibility for prescribing antipsychotic medicines rests with the GP and hospital psychiatrists or clinicians. However, it is often prescribed in response to the care team seeking to manage behaviours that challenge. We would rather urge care practitioners to seek individualised, creative and innovative interventions. The first step is to recognise and understand the triggers that cause this behaviour. The A Champions document includes a concise and practical checklist to help care practitioners to identify behaviours and likely triggers; to rate the level of incident and to find interventions that work for the individual. A copy of the document is attached at the bottom of this response.
- 6. We have worked previously with the University of South Wales in devising a dementia certificate for nurses to create better understanding of these issues. We are currently in

discussion about adapting the training materials to a format that can be shared and used by all care practitioners.

7. We would encourage providers and GPs to work together to review medication with a view to reduction and eventual elimination over a suitable time period, not forgetting the contribution that community pharmacists can make.

Melanie Minty

Policy Advisor

DEMENTIA CARE: 'A CHAMPIONS' DOCUMENT

<u>Assessment of Challenging and Management Problems Initiating Options</u> for <u>New Solutions</u>

Responsible care providers are committed to finding sensitive creative and individualized appropriate care interventions to safely manage behaviour that challenges, exhibited by service users with dementia, and thereby avoiding administration of antipsychotic medications as far as is practicable and safe to do so.

The elimination of or successful management of catalysts and identification of common denominators will inform care intervention strategies and promote problem resolution. Please tick the appropriate boxes, as relevant and complete the document which is designed to take no more than 5 minutes.

This document is suitable for use in all care delivery settings and can be completed by careworkers, carers, nurses or others providing care in hospitals, clinics, day centres, care homes, domiciliary care or care at home by family members or others.

Type of care setting
Address
Date of Admission/Residency.
Diagnosis
G.P
Other relevant agencies
TYPES OF BEHAVIOUR THAT CHALLENGES
PHYSICAL AGGRESSION Please tick as appropriate.
·· ·
Punch () Slap () Kick () Bite () Head butt () Squeeze () Pinch () Push () Spitting ()
Throwing objects () Describe object thrown Blocking others
movements () Throwing liquids () Stamping () Using items as weapons e.g. walking stick
() Describe
Other
Comments
PSYCHOLOGICAL BEHAVIOUR
Screaming () Shouting () Repetitive statements () Demanding () Loud behaviour ()
Unreasonable requests () Threatening () Intimidating () Swearing () Clapping ()

Other......
Comments

SELF HARMING BEHAVIOUR

Hitting oneself () Scratching oneself () Pinching oneself () Using an object to hurt or injure oneself () Describe
oneself () Verbalizing suicidal thoughts () Placing oneself on floor () Deliberately rolling oneself out of bed () Attempting to
eat/drink non food objects () Describe
Other Comments
SEXUAL BEHAVIOUR
Unwelcome sexual comments () Inappropriate kissing () Inappropriate touching () Fondling () Penetrating actions () Describe
Exposing oneself () Use of sexual swear words ()
Masturbation in room other than bedroom () Identify Inappropriate flirting ()
DescribeOther
Comments
DESTRUCTIVE BEHAVIOUR
Damage to electrical appliances () Homes fixtures and fittings () Walls/wallpaper () Throwing a biaste () Places describe
Throwing objects () Please describe Throwing food () Trashing rooms () Identify which Shredding/Ripping
items Other
Comments
INAPPROPRIATE BODILY ELIMINATIONS
Urinating in inappropriate places () Describe location Defecating in inappropriate places () Describe location Manually handling/smearing/throwing faeces () Other () Describe
Comments

Any further relevant information.

REASONS/CATALYSTS/TRIGGERS FOR UNDESIRABLE UNWANTED BEHAVIOUR

(Please record as appropriate in the following sections) P = Possible I = Identified/Confirmed
MEDICAL ISSUES
Dehydration () Constipation () Diarrhoea () Infection (e.g. U.T.I) ()Describe Pressure ulcers/wounds/tissue viability problems () (describe)
Medication side effects () describe
PERSONAL COMFORT ISSUES
Pain () Discomfort () Sore bottom (sitting/lying for long periods of time () Hunger () Thirst () Too hot () Too cold () Wanting to go to the toilet () Incontinence () Feeling of being interfered with () Other
PSYCHOLOGICAL ISSUES
Agitation () Irritability () Anxiety () Anger () Depression () Tearful () Accusatory () Hallucinations () Delusions () Hyperactive () Intolerant of others () Boredom/isolation (© 2011 Stephen Ford

) Sleepy () Not wishing to be disturbed () Pacing ()
Sundowning () Disinhibition () Suspicious/paranoid feelings () Communication
difficulties ()
Other
Comments

ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

Crowded room () Too noisy () TV/Radio blaring away () Wanting to leave () Incompatibility of adjacent people () Unpleasant odours () Lack of therapeutic environment () Deprivation of liberty () Describe
STAFF ISSUES
Inappropriate approach by staff () Medical/nursing procedures by staff () Administration of medication by staff () No/insufficient explanation of care intervention procedures by staff () Inadequate numbers of staff to provide the necessary care () Poor staff skills () Staff ignoring requests/questions () Change of carer () Other
SERVICE USER ISSUES
Disturbed by behavior of other service users () Describe
<u>VISITOR ISSUES</u>
Unwanted visitor () Inappropriate behaviour from visitor () Challenging behaviour to a visitor () Challenging behaviour after a visitor leaves (Challenging behaviour following an outing with a visitor () (Please specify). Other Other catalysts/triggers/reasons

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Comment upon domain/specifics:-	

OTHER DETAILS

	No identifiable catalysts/triggers/common denominators () Issues/actions that are indefinable/unassessable/difficult to categorize () Comments
	Time of challenging behaviour
	Date of challenging behaviour
	Day of challenging behaviour (e.g. Monday)
	Location of challenging behaviour
	INCIDENT RATING 0 = NO HARM; 5 = MODERATE HARM/RISK OF HARM 10 = VERY HIGH RISK OF HARM OR ACTUAL HARM/POTENTIALLY LIFE THREATENING
	PLEASE RATE INCIDENT 0 – 10 Other
	Comments
ļ	INTERVENTIONS THAT APPEAR TO HELP
	Escort service user away from location () Please identify to which area of the home
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Use of comfort object () Comments
Use of isolation with discreet observations () Comments
Use of drink substances () e.g. glass of wine/cup of tea, Comments
Assess fluid intake () describe tool used
Use of food Substances () Comments
Ventilation of feelings () Expressions of anger () Active listening ()
Personal contact, e.g. holding hands ()
Firm verbal directives () *Identify in care plan
Address Medical Issues () Describe

Medication () Type Ar	• •
Name and dose Method of administration	
Comments	
Commence	
Restraint () Was this the only feasil	ole option? ()
	For How Long Comments
	Recorded in Restraint register ()
. , ,	ed/placed at risk of harm
Decimation of individual	
Designation of individual	
Was the harm avoidable? Comment	
<u>0</u>	<u>UTCOME</u>
Relevant/Likely Themes/common de behaviour/incidents	enominations relating to undesirable
What have we learned to become b	etter equipped to deal with future incidents or avoid
them	
MEDICATION ISSUES	
Please describe any changes in serv	ice users presentation relating to behaviour
without/since non administration of	of anti psychotic medication given for incident
resolution	
Discussed with/ please identify	

Has the Care home received recog	gnition of good practice in dealing with behaviour that
challenges. Yes () No ()	
By whom	Designation

Copy Sent To	: Service user ()
	Service users family/advocate ()
	G.P()
	Social services ()
	BCUHB()
	CSSIW ()
	Police () File ()
	Other () Please specify
Name of Pers	on completing document
Signed	
Dated	

ANTECEDENCE	BEHAVIOUR	CONSEQUENCE
	ANTECEDENCE	ANTECEDENCE BEHAVIOUR



A CHAMPIONS DOCUMENT ABC ANALYSIS CHART

'A CHAMPIONS' document conceived by Stephen Ford MA, RGN, RMN.Dip.Ger. Dementia Care Policy Coordinator

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