Dyddiad: Dydd Mercher 16 Hydref

## YMCHWILIAD Y PWYLLGOR I DDYFODOL CYNLLUNIAU AMAETH-AMGYLCHEDDOL

## Diben

1. I ddarparu crynodeb i Aelodau o'r ymatebion ysgrifenedig a dderbyniwyd ac i awgrymu pa gyrff y dylid eu gwahodd i roi tystiolaeth lafar i'r Pwyllgor.

2. Yn ei gyfarfod ar 17 Gorffennaf cytunodd y Pwyllgor ar gylch gorchwyl a gwahoddodd gyflwyniadau ysgrifenedig ar gyfer ei ymchwiliad i ddyfodol cynlluniau amaeth-amgylcheddol yng Nghymru. Derbyniwyd 27 cyflwyniad o'r fath ac maent wedi cael eu dosbarthu i Aelodau. Ceir crynodeb o'r prif bwyntiau yn Atodiad 1.

3. Mae Cyngor Cefn Gwlad Cymru a'r undebau ffermio wedi cael eu gwahodd i ddau gyfarfod nesaf y Pwyllgor er mwyn ymhelaethu ar eu cyflwyniadau. Mae'r Gymdeithas Frenhinol er Gwarchod Adar a Dr Mike Christie o'r Sefydliad Astudiaethau Gwledig yn Aberystwyth hefyd wedi cael gwahoddiad i gyfarfodydd cyn y Nadolig.

## Camau i'r Pwyllgor eu Cymryd

4. Gofynnir i Aelodau gymeradwyo'r rhaglen hon ac i nodi unrhyw gyrff neu unigolion eraill y dylid eu gwahodd i roi tystiolaeth lafar.

Ysgrifenyddiaeth y Pwyllgor Hydref 2002

Atodiad 1

RESPONDENT	COMMENTS ON TIR GOFAL	RECOMMENDATIONS FOR FUTURE SCHEMES
Cambria Archaeology	TG welcome as it has raised the profile of the historic environment but a drain on archaeological funding sources Lack of resources to e.g. protect and conserve traditional farm buildings	Need interpreted historic environment data for every farmAddress the management of broader landscape areasMore historic environment support alongside CCW
Campaign for the Protection of Rural Wales	Welcomed	More funding, less administrative burden and free professional advice
City and County of Swansea	Insufficient funding and staff resources	Need to further address diversification Funding pilot renewable energy projects
CLA Wales / RSPB		Support a broad and shallow entry level scheme Consideration of obstacles facing dairy farmers in gaining access to the scheme
Coleg Powys	Many benefits for those successful in gaining access	Entry should be guaranteed to all who meet the criteria
	Administrative burdens Inadequate funding leading to long delays	Need to attract smaller, more intensive farms by some tiered payment system Coordinated approach to education and training with training available locally
Conwy County Borough Council	Perception that larger farms benefit the most	Larger lump sum to be given to small farms

Countryside Council for Wales	Need to measure environmental outcomes as well as outputs (no. of agreements, areas covered etc).	<ul> <li>Objectives should be broadened in the areas of:</li> <li>Biodiversity</li> <li>traditional landscape features</li> <li>historic features</li> <li>public access</li> <li>soil, air and water quality</li> <li>employment and training of local labour force</li> </ul> A broad and shallow scheme has to be sufficiently demanding to deliver real
		environmental improvements Need to ensure greater share of EU rural development funding
Denbighshire County Council	Exemplar scheme for positive land management	Second tier for capital works e.g. hedgerows
	Not been easy to enter the scheme	Separate scheme for pockets not whole farm
		Additional payments for small farms (under 140 acres)
Environment Agency	Widen the objectives to include more emphasis on the water environment	Agrees with principle of a tiered approach
	More emphasis on streamside corridors and uptake of farm ponds	Immediate and substantial expansion of funding
	Encouragement to link TG farms in order to facilitate a strategic approach	Broad and shallow scheme containing resource protection and environmental management plans for farms
	Insufficient communication by/ with TG project officers	Availability of a part-farm grant scheme similar to "Countryside Stewardship"

		Environmental manager accredited training scheme for farm managers
		Deal with major concerns of flooding, water pollution and soil erosion
Farmers' Union of Wales	Concern over administrative burden of scheme, limited take-up and the impact these have on farmer perception.	Welcome tiered approach so long as it is adequately funded to meet demand.
Forestry Commission		Welcomes the tiered approach
		Greater focus on measurable outcomes
		Need for a focussed woodlands element
Glamorgan-Gwent Archaeological Trust	Organisational difficulties have led to the archaeological and historic interest not being integrated into	Should integrate archaeological interest into management plans
	the schemes	Need for specialist archaeological staff
Gwynedd Archaeological Trust	Welcome the principle but feel that scheme is biased towards the natural environment with	Need more archaeological resource e.g. in CCW offices
	insufficient emphasis placed on the historic environment	More use of ICT for data transfer
Institute of Grassland and Environmental		Endorse the broad and shallow approach
Research		Refine targets
		Improve access to and integration of schemes
		Encourage common approach across local areas to maximise environmental sustainability
Institute of Rural Studies, University of Wales Aberystwyth, Dr Mike Christie	All farms eligible to apply, whole farm scheme, delivers biodiversity benefits but limited coverage at present.	Support for move to widen coverage of agri-environmental schemes and to encourage co-operative actions.

Isle of Anglesey County Council	Administrative burden and delays	Open application process with deadlines
	Easier for larger farms	Needs to be a simple, stable and long- term scheme
Lantra SSC		Importance of skills development
NFU Cymru Wales	Administrative arrangements lead to complexity and rigidity Difficult for medium sized farms or those with shorter tenures to enter	Increase coverage, reward good farming practice, reduce administrative burden on farmers. Payments should reflect the value of the public goods delivered. Need for training to encourage skilled countryside management.
Gwlithyn Roberts	Difficulties of tenant farmers if the landlord is uncooperative	
RSPB Wales	Support the scheme's aims and environmental benefits Strongly support the whole farm approach	<ul> <li>Supports an integrated and tiered system</li> <li>Broad and shallow should lead farmers towards Tir Gofal</li> <li>Payments for organic production should be considered as long as high environmental standards are met</li> <li>Additional financial support will remain necessary for particular high value habitats.</li> </ul>
Karen Sinclair AM	Beneficial	A core criterion should be a farm water management programme with a long term aim of water course maintenance being mandatory
Snowdonia Society	Supportive of the principles	Should concentrate on specific objectives and this to be monitored
	Under-resourcing leads to delays	Role of ecologists in assessment
		Should not discourage small farms
		Propose an open discussion/seminar/ forum

Sparc/Planed	Effective in delivering benefits	Welcome a tiered suite of schemes
	Hugely under-resourced, leading to long delays	Maintain the emphasis on whole farm sustainability
	Inadequate training provision	
	Little monitoring of biodiversity	
Wales Deer Initiative		The presence of deer or deer management should be included in the scoring system
Dr T & R Watts	Bureaucracy and restrictions lead to delay	
	Payments do not cover full costs involved	
Welsh Agri-Food Partnership Organic	A valuable development but restricted funding and eligibility	Support the broad and shallow approach
Strategy Group	Some difficulties in integrating with Organic Farming Scheme	Tir Mynydd review should consider the closer integration with agri-environment schemes
		Organic maintenance payments to form part of integrated agri-environment scheme.
Welsh Association of National Park	Support the whole farm principle	Supports CCW's pyramid model
Authorities	TG is effective in habitat management	Focus on species management
		Proactive management of nutrient, water and air quality plans
		"Special projects" element to meet specific needs