Sexual Offences Bill

- 1. A Sexual Offences Bill linked to the Criminal Justice Bill was introduced on 29 January 2003 which:
 - Proposes new sentences to keep sexual and violent offenders in prison as long as they
 pose a danger or to include extended periods of supervision.
 - Extends the duty to manage potentially dangerous offenders in the community, currently
 on police and probation, to other agencies including local housing authorities, health
 authorities and youth offending teams.
- 2. The Bill will strengthen the Sex Offenders Register by:
 - Making offenders reconfirm their details annually;
 - Introducing a new order to make those convicted of sex offences abroad register when they come to the UK; and
 - Reducing the period within which a sex offender must notify details following a change of address from 14 to 3 days;
- 3. A new 'grooming' offence will be introduced targeting those who gain the trust of children so that they can subsequently sexually abuse them.
- 4. The Multi-Agency Public Protection (MAPP) arrangements, where police, probation and partner agencies manage sexual and violent offenders in the community will be developed and strengthened by:
 - Issuing guidance to each police/probation area to develop greater consistency across the 42 areas, particularly in defining dangerousness;
 - Developing the strategic management arrangements to include serious case reviews and analysis of the operational work;
 - Looking to involve more members of the public in the work of the MAPP Panels.
- 5. The UK Government anticipate that the Bill will be enacted in October 2003.